CC-P: Environmental Geography

1. Introduction to Environmental Geography

- 1.1 Definition, Nature and scope of Environmental Geography
- 1.2 Types of Environment
- 1.3 Importance of Environmental Geography
- 1.4 Approaches to study of environmental Geography

2. Ecosystem

- 2.1 Meaning, concept and definition of ecosystem
- 2.2 Structure (Biotic and Abiotic factors) and Food chain, Tropic Level, Food web, Energy flow
- 2.3 Types of ecosystem- a) Equatorial Forest and b) Pond Ecosystem

3. Biodiversity and its Conservation

- 3.1 Concept of Biodiversity
- 3.2 Economic value and potential of Biodiversity
- 3.3 Loss of Biodiversity and hotspots in India
- 3.4 Conservation of Biodiversity

4. Environmental Pollution

- 4.1 Concept of Pollution
- 4.2 Air pollution Causes, Effects and Control measures
- 4.3 Water pollution Causes, Effects and Control measures
- 4.4 Soil pollution Causes, Effects and Control measures

5. Environmental Disaster

- 5.1 Meaning and concepts of environmental disaster
- 5.2 Classification of Disaster
- 5.3 Natural Disaster a) Earthquake, b) Flood
- 5.4 Biological Disaster a) Swine flu, b) Novel Corona (COVID-19)

6. Environmental Problems

- 6.1 Global Warming and Climate Change
- 6.2 Ozone Depletion
- 6.3 Acid rain
- 6.4 Over use of Chemical Fertilizers, Pesticides and Insecticides

7. Environmental Planning and Management

- 7.1 Need of Planning and Management
- 7.2 Micro, macro and meso level Planning and Management with reference to India
- 7.3 Environmental impact assessment

8. Environmental Policies

- 8.1 Introduction of environmental policies
- 8.2 Environmental education in India
- 8.3 Kyoto Protocol
